SAFETY DATA SHEET

LC/MS Forensic Toxicology Test Mixture, Part Number 5190-0470

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Product name: LC/MS Forensic Toxicology Test Mixture, Part Number 5190-0470
Part No.: 5190-0470

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identified uses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Analytical chemistry.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Agilent Technologies Manufacturing GmbH & Co. KG
Hewlett-Packard-Str. 8
76337 Waldbronn
Germany
0800 603 1000

E-mail address of person responsible for this SDS: pdl-msds_author@agilent.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation): CHEMTREC®: +(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Product definition: Mixture
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
H225 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
H301 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
H311 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
H331 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
H370 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements
Hazard pictograms: 

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H370 - Causes damage to organs.

Precautionary statements
Date of issue/Date of revision: 30/06/2017
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention:
P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Response:
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

Storage:
P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients:
- methanol

Supplemental label elements:
Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:
Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements:
Tactile warning of danger:
Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures:
Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1 Index: 603-001-00-X</td>
<td>≥90</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 STOT SE 1, H370 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</td>
<td>[1][2]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type:
[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
[5] Substance of equivalent concern
[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy
SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.

**Inhalation**

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Potential acute health effects**

- **Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Inhalation**: Toxic if inhaled.
- **Skin contact**: Toxic in contact with skin.
- **Ingestion**: Toxic if swallowed.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- **Eye contact**: No specific data.
- **Inhalation**: No specific data.
- **Skin contact**: No specific data.
- **Ingestion**: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician**: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 30/06/2017
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon dioxide
- carbon monoxide
- Formaldehyde.

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Use dry chemical,
- CO₂,
- water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- Do not use water jet.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 30/06/2017
SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures**: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage**: Store between the following temperatures: 18 to 25°C (64.4 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

**Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)**

**Named substances**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Notification and MAPP threshold</th>
<th>Safety report threshold</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>5000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Danger criteria**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Notification and MAPP threshold</th>
<th>Safety report threshold</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H2: Acute toxicity 2 any route of entry or Acute toxicity 3 Inhalation route of entry</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H3: STOT Single exposure 1</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>50000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations**: Industrial applications, Professional applications.

**Industrial sector specific solutions**: Not applicable.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits**
**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limit values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
STELe: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  
STELe: 250 ppm 15 minutes.  
TWAe: 266 mg/m³ 8 hours.  
TWAe: 200 ppm 8 hours. |

**Recommended monitoring procedures**

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**DNELs/DMELs**

No DNELs/DMELs available.

**PNECs**

No PNECs available

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 30/06/2017
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state: Liquid.
- Colour: Colourless.
- Odour: Odourless.
- Odour threshold: Not available.
- pH: Not available.

Melting point/freezing point: -98°C

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 64.8°C

Flash point: Closed cup: -18 to 23°C

Evaporation rate: Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:
- Lower: 6.7%
- Upper: 36%

Vapour pressure: 13.3 kPa [room temperature]

Vapour density: 1.1 [Air = 1]

Relative density: 0.791

Density: 0.791 g/cm³

Solubility(ies): Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not available.

auto-ignition temperature: 385°C

Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Viscosity: Not available.

Explosive properties: Not available.

Oxidising properties: Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 30/06/2017
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat</td>
<td>145000 ppm</td>
<td>1 hours</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat</td>
<td>64000 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal Rabbit</td>
<td>15800 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>LD50 Oral Rat</td>
<td>5600 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>100 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>300 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation (vapours)</td>
<td>3 mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 100 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>40 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 20 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
<td>Not determined</td>
<td>Not determined</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation: Toxic if inhaled.
- Ingestion: Toxic if swallowed.
- Skin contact: Toxic in contact with skin.
- Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Inhalation: No specific data.
- Ingestion: No specific data.
- Skin contact: No specific data.
- Eye contact: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects: Not available.
- Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects: Not available.
- Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

- General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Other information: Adverse symptoms may include the following: blurred or double vision. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>Acute EC50 24500000 μg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 2500000 μg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Danio rerio - Egg</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Algae - Ulva pertusa</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
SECTION 12: Ecological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>-0.77</td>
<td>&lt;10</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4 Mobility in soil
- Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>OC</sub>): Not available.
- Mobility: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- PBT: Not applicable.
- vPvB: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Product
- Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
- Hazardous waste: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging
- Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 30/06/2017
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV
None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern
None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)
Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)
Not listed.

Seveso Directive
This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Named substances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Danger criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>H2: Acute toxicity 2 any route of entry or Acute toxicity 3 Inhalation route of entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>H3: STOT Single exposure 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)
Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.

Inventory list

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
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<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>Not determined.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Date of issue/Date of revision: 30/06/2017
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments might still be required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2, H225</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 3, H301</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 3, H311</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 3, H331</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE 1, H370</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301: Toxic if swallowed.
H311: Toxic in contact with skin.
H331: Toxic if inhaled.
H370: Causes damage to organs.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 3, H301</td>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 3, H311</td>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 3, H331</td>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2, H225</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE 1, H370</td>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Version: 2

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